



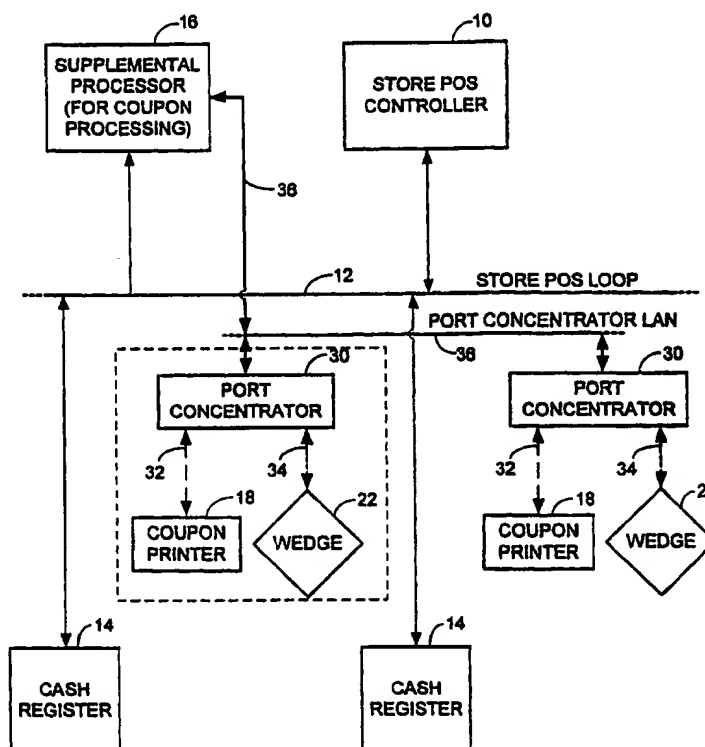
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(54) Title: PROCESS, SYSTEM AND COMPUTER READABLE MEDIUM FOR CONSOLIDATION OF COMMUNICATION AMONG PERIPHERAL DEVICES IN A RETAIL STORE ENVIRONMENT

(57) Abstract

A process, system and computer readable medium for a point-of-sale computer system including a point-of-sale checkout station having a cash register (14) and a peripheral device (22), a store communication bus (12) connected to the cash register (14), a store controller (10) connected to the store communication bus (12), for controlling and supplying data to the cash register (14), and a supplemental processor (16) for performing tasks supplemental to tasks performed by the store controller. The system further includes port concentrators (30) associated with each point-of-sale checkout station and having multiple input/output ports, one input/output port coupled to the peripheral device (22), and a port concentrator communication network (36) coupled to the supplemental processor (16) and to the port concentrators (30). The supplemental processor (16) communicates with the peripheral device (22) through the port concentrator communication network (36) and a respective port concentrator (30). Installation or expansion of the system to include additional peripheral devices (22) at each point-of-sale checkout station is greatly simplified by the presence of the port concentrators (30) and the port concentrator communication network (36).



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TITLE OF THE INVENTION

PROCESS, SYSTEM AND COMPUTER READABLE MEDIUM FOR CONSOLIDATION
OF COMMUNICATION AMONG PERIPHERAL DEVICES IN A RETAIL STORE
ENVIRONMENT

CROSS REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present invention is related to commonly owned U.S. Patent Numbers 4,723,212; 4,910,672; 5,173,851; and 5,612,868 and U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/663,680, filed on June 14, 1996, all of which are incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTIONField of the Invention:

This invention relates generally to interconnected computer systems and, more particularly, to computer systems used in a retail store environment.

Discussion of Background:

FIG. 1 shows a conventional retail store environment, including a store point-of-sale (POS) controller 10, a store point-of-sale loop (POS loop) 12, and multiple cash registers or point of sale terminals 14, two of which are shown. The store POS controller 10 communicates with the cash registers 14 through the store POS loop 12, which is a data bus that extends through the store from one cash register 14 to the next and to which all the cash registers 14 and the store POS controller 10 are connected. The store POS controller 10 has associated database files (not shown) for storing data pertaining to store activities, such as an item record file defining the items available for sale in the store.

A major difficulty with the configuration shown in FIG. 1 is that this configuration does not support supplemental functions, such as in-store printing of discount coupons or other incentives, reading and processing coupons brought to the store by customers, and reading other coded items at the point of sale, such as bank cards and checks.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, one object of this invention is to provide a novel process and system for interconnection of supplemental computer components in a retail store environment.

The above and other objects are achieved according to the present invention by providing a new and improved process, system and computer readable medium for providing a point-of-sale computer system in which connections between a supplemental computer and various distributed peripheral devices are simplified. Briefly, and in general terms, the system of the invention includes (a) at least one point-of-sale checkout station having at least one cash register and at least one peripheral device; (b) a store communication bus connected to the at least one cash register; (c) a store controller connected to the store communication bus, for controlling and supplying data to the at least one cash register; (d) a supplemental processor for performing tasks supplemental to tasks performed by the store controller; (e) at least one port concentrator associated with a respective point-of-sale checkout station of the at least one point-of-sale checkout station, the at least one port concentrator having multiple input/output ports, one input/output port of the multiple input/output ports coupled to the at least one peripheral device of the respective point-of-sale checkout station; and (f) a port concentrator communication network coupled to the supplemental processor and to the at

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least one port concentrator. The supplemental processor communicates with the at least one peripheral device of the at least one point-of-sale checkout station through the port concentrator communication network and a respective port concentrator of the at least one port concentrator.

More specifically, each port concentrator further includes a buffer memory for storing data received from any of the input/output ports, prior to transmission of the data through another of the input/output ports; and a device for regulating data flow in the port concentrator, to and from each of the input/output ports. The port concentrator communication network is preferably a local area network and each port concentrator also includes a local area network controller and transceiver for communicating with the port concentrator communication network.

In one claimed embodiment of the invention, the additional peripheral device is a scanning device for reading product data. In another embodiment, the additional peripheral device is a "wedge" data input device for reading consumer data from a data-bearing record presented by a consumer. The supplemental processor in the illustrative embodiment of the invention controls a coupon printer at each point-of-sale checkout station, and determines whether coupons should be printed based on data received from the point-of-sale checkout station through the port concentrator.

The present invention also includes a computer readable medium storing program instructions by which the processes of the invention can be performed when the stored program instructions are appropriately loaded into a memory and executed by a microprocessor.

It will be appreciated from the foregoing summary that the present invention represents a significant improvement in the field of point-of-sale computer systems. In particular, the invention greatly facilitates integration, expansion and testing of point-of-sale computer systems in retail stores. Port concentrators are used in conjunction with a communication network, to provide data connections between the supplemental computer, when used to control discount coupon generation, for example, with printers and other peripheral devices located at point-of-sale stations throughout the store.

Other aspects and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the more detailed description that follows, taken in conjunction with the drawings, which are briefly described below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

A more complete appreciation of the invention and many of the attendant advantages thereof will be readily obtained as the same becomes better understood by reference to the following detailed descriptions when considered in connection with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

FIG. 1 is block diagram of a conventional computer interconnection architecture of a retail store environment;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of a computer interconnection architecture of a retail store environment of FIG. 1, supplemented with additional components to handle various additional functions;

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of a computer interconnection architecture of a retail store environment of FIG. 2 further including port concentrators according to the present invention;

FIG. 4 is block diagram of a port concentrator used in the architecture of FIG. 3;

FIGS. 5A and 5B are state diagrams illustrating operation of the port concentrator in communicating with a printer device;

FIGS. 6A and 6B are state diagrams illustrating operation of the port concentrator in communicating with a wedge peripheral device; and

FIGS. 7A and 7B are state diagrams illustrating operation of the port concentrator in communicating with network device.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Point-of-sale (POS) computer systems in stores have been supplemented with additional components to handle such functions as in-store printing of discount coupons or other incentives, reading and processing coupons brought to the store by customers, and reading other coded items at the point of sale, such as bank cards and checks. For example, commonly owned U.S. Patent Numbers 4,723,212; 4,910,672; 5,173,851; and 5,612,868 and U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 08/663,680, filed on June 14, 1996, disclose systems for generating discount coupons in response to various sales transaction events detected at the point of sale.

Referring now to the drawings, wherein like reference numerals designate identical or corresponding parts throughout the several views, and more particularly to FIG. 2 thereof, there is illustrated a computer system architecture intended for use in a retail store

environment, and particularly for use in applications that supplement the normal functions of a point-of-sale computer system.

FIG. 2 shows relevant portions of a store point-of-sale system, including a store point-of-sale (POS) controller, indicated by reference numeral 10, a store point-of-sale loop (POS loop) 12, and multiple cash registers 14, two of which are shown. The store POS controller 10 communicates with the cash registers 14 through the store POS loop 12, which is a data bus that extends through the store from one cash register to the next. The store POS controller 10 has associated database files (not shown) for storing data pertaining to store activities, such as an item record file defining the items available for sale in the store. A supplemental processor 16 is provided and performs supplemental processing functions, such as in-store generation of discount coupons and other purchase incentives, etc. The supplemental processor 16 is connected to the store POS loop 12 and can monitor POS operations taking place at the various cash registers 14. Each cash register 14 in such a system has an associated coupon printer 18. However, it will be appreciated that each coupon printer 18 or cash register 14 could include a "dual station" printer function for printing both coupons and receipts. When a consumer purchases certain designated items and presents them for purchase at the cash register 14, the supplemental processor 16 may generate discount coupons conditioned on the items purchased and other factors. Thus the supplemental processor 16 is connected to each of the coupon printers 18, as shown by broken lines 20.

The supplemental processor 16 may also be connected to other peripheral devices associated with each cash register 14. For example, each cash register 14 may have an

associated wedge 22. A wedge is a data input device that decodes or reads data, such as bar code data or data from magnetically encoded credit cards. The wedge 22 communicates the decoded information through a keyboard port on a computer associated with cash register 14. Typically, the wedge device 22 plugs into the computer keyboard port, and the keyboard plugs into the wedge. In some POS functions, a consumer's credit card or store loyalty card is scanned in the wedge device 22 and the information is used by the supplemental processor 16 when recording purchase transactions. The wedges 22 are connected to the supplemental processor 16 through another set of lines, indicated by the broken lines 24.

A major difficulty with the configuration shown in FIG. 2 is that multiple sets of connecting lines, such as the lines 20 and 24, have to be run from the supplemental processor 16 to peripheral devices, such as the coupon printers 18 and the wedge devices 22, located at or near the cash registers 14. In other supplemental processing applications, the need may arise for additional peripheral devices, all to be connected by separate lines to the supplemental processor 16. An obvious disadvantage of this arrangement is the duplication of cost and effort involved in connecting to each set of peripheral devices. Moreover, installation of new supplemental processing applications is disruptive to normal store operations, because new wires must be put in place using overhead or under-floor wiring paths.

The embodiment shown in FIG. 3 addresses the above-noted concerns, wherein the peripheral devices associated with each cash register 14 are connected to a port concentrator 30. Thus, each coupon printer 18 is connected to a port concentrator 30 over lines 32, and each wedge device 22 is connected to the port concentrator 30 over lines 34. The port

concentrators 30 are connected to a local area network (LAN) 36, which couples them to the supplemental processor 16. Therefore, connection with the supplemental processor 16 is accomplished using a single line (the LAN 36), which may take the form of a coaxial cable or an optical fiber. Alternatively, with appropriate design the LAN 36 may operate over lines 36 in the form of twisted pairs of conductors, wireless communication links, etc., as will be appreciated by those skilled in the relevant arts. Furthermore, as will be readily appreciated, a port concentrator 30 may be included within the coupon printer 18 and/or the wedge 22, as is shown by the dashed line in FIG. 3.

FIG. 4 is a block diagram of the port concentrator 30 in a more generalized form than is contemplated in FIG. 3. The configuration of FIG. 3 perpetuates the tradition that conventional POS processing should be kept separate from any supplemental processing, such as coupon generation or redemption by a third party not affiliated with the retailer that manages the store or any of the manufacturers whose goods are sold in the store. Thus, in FIG. 3 the port concentrator 30 is shown as being used to connect the third party's supplemental processor 16 with supplemental peripheral devices, such as the printers 18 and wedges 22. A logical extension of the port concentrator concept, however, is to connect all of the peripheral devices associated with each cash register 14 to a port concentrator for that cash register.

Accordingly, FIG. 4, shows an exemplary embodiment of the port concentrator 30 as having multiple input/output ports, for connection to, for example, (i) a slot scanner device 40 for scanning purchased items as they are passed across a scanning slot, connected via port 40', (ii) a scanner device 42, such as a scanning wand or other device, connected via port 42'

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(iii) a printer device 44, such as the printer 18, connected via port 44', (iv) an auxiliary or peripheral device 46, connected via port 46', (v) an EFT/frequent shopper device 48 for handling input of identification or credit cards from shoppers, connected via port 48', (vi) a network device 50, connected via ports 50' and 51' using, for example, Ethernet, EIA RS485, etc., (vii) a POS terminal device 58, connected via port 58', and (viii) an external/internal power supply device 60, connected via port 60'. The letter designations on the lines from the various port indicate by way of example the types of interface standards that may be employed in each case. However, as will be appreciated, other standards, such as TCP/IP, wireless communication links, fiber optic links, etc., as are known in the art may be employed. The port concentrator 30 further includes a main processor 62, a read-only memory (ROM) 64, such as a flash read-only memory, etc., a random access memory (RAM) 66 and an Ethernet controller/transceiver 68.

Basically, the function performed by the main processor 62 of the port concentrator 30 is to regulate the flow of data to and from each peripheral device connected to the port concentrator via ports 40'-60'. The processor 62 uses transmit and receive buffers in the RAM 66 to achieve this end, as will be explained with reference to the exemplary state diagrams in FIGS. 5-7.

FIGS. 5A and 5B are exemplary state diagrams showing transmission of data from the port concentrator 30 to the printer 18 and from the printer 18 to the port concentrator, respectively. As shown in the circle 70 at the left of FIG. 5A, a transmit buffer (in RAM 66) contains data to be sent to the printer 18. In the state indicated by block 72, the processor 62 waits for data to be placed in the printer buffer. If the buffer is empty, the processor 62

continues to wait in this state, as indicated by line 74. When the buffer is no longer empty, as indicated by line 76, the processor 62 transitions to state 78, in which a next byte of data is transmitted from the transmit buffer to the printer output port 44'. The processor 62 remains in this state and continues to transmit data to the printer port 44', as indicated by line 80. When the transmit buffer has been emptied, as indicated by line 82, the processor 62 makes a transition back to state 72, where it waits for more data to be placed in the buffer.

The exemplary state diagram of FIG. 5B illustrates the flow of data back from the printer 18, to indicate printer status or other information. In state 84, the processor 62 waits for data to arrive from the printer, as indicated by line 86. As soon as data is received from the printer port, as indicated by line 88, the processor assumes state 90, and transfers a byte of input data to a receive buffer 92, also included in RAM 66. The processor remains in state 90 so long as data continues to be received from the printer port, as indicated by line 94. When there is no longer any data awaiting to be input from the printer port, as indicated by line 96, the processor 62 makes a transition back to state 84 to await more data. It will be understood that the processor 62 is designed to operate in both the state diagrams of FIGS. 5A and 5B at the same time. The printer port 44' is bi-directional but only operates in one direction at a time, and the processor 62 can readily sense whether the printer port is ready to receive data or ready to transmit data.

FIGS. 6A and 6B are exemplary diagrams similar to FIGS. 5A and 5B, but show the states assumed by the processor 62 in transmitting data to and receiving data from a wedge port, which may be, for example, the EFT/frequent shopper port 48' in FIG 4. Another transmit buffer 100 holds data to be sent to the wedge, and state 102 is assumed when the

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processor 62 is waiting for data to be placed in the buffer 100. This state is maintained so long as the buffer is empty, as indicated by line 104. When the buffer is not empty, as indicated by line 106, there is a transition to state 108, in which a byte at a time of data is sent to the wedge output port 48'. So long as there is data in the transmit buffer 100, as indicated by line 110, the processor 62 remains in this state. When the buffer 100 is emptied, as indicated by line 112, there is a transition back to state 102 to await more data.

Receipt of data from the wedge port 48' is depicted in the exemplary diagram of FIG. 6B. The processor 62 waits for input data in state 114 and, as indicated by line 116, remains in that state while no data is supplied by the wedge port 48'. When data is received from the wedge port 48', as indicated by line 118, there is a transition to state 120, in which a byte of data is transferred to an input buffer 122. Input data bytes are continually transferred to the input buffer 122 in this state so long as data received from the wedge port 48', as indicated by line 124. When no more data is supplied by the wedge port 48', as indicated by line 126, there is a transition back to state 114 to await more input data.

FIGS. 7A and 7B are exemplary state diagrams depicting output and input operations with respect to the LAN port 50' or 51'. Yet another transmit buffer 130 contains data to sent to the supplemental processor 16 through the LAN 36 and state 132 is assumed when the processor 62 is waiting for data to be placed in the buffer 130. This state is maintained so long as the buffer is empty, as indicated by line 134. When the buffer is not empty, as indicated by line 136, there is a transition to state 138, in which a byte at a time of data is sent to the LAN port 50' or 51'. So long as there is data in the transmit buffer 130, as indicated by

line 140, the processor 62 remains in this state. When the buffer 130 is emptied, as indicated by line 142, there is a transition back to state 132 to await more data.

Receipt of data from the LAN port 50' or 51' is depicted in the exemplary diagram of FIG. 7B. The processor 62 waits for input data in state 144 and, as indicated by line 146, remains in that state while no data is supplied by the LAN port 50' or 51'. When data is received from the LAN port 50' or 51', as indicated by line 148, there is a transition to state 150, in which a byte of data is transferred to an input buffer 152. Input data bytes are continually transferred to the input buffer 152 in this state so long as data received from the LAN port 50' or 51', as indicated by line 154. When no more data is supplied by the LAN port 50' or 51', as indicated by line 156, there is a transition back to state 144 to await more input data.

In addition, similar exemplary state diagrams (not shown) depicting output and input operations with respect to the ports 40', 42', 46', and 58' may be derived based on the teachings of the present invention, as will be appreciated by those skilled in the computer arts.

The mechanisms and processes set forth in the present description may be implemented using a conventional general purpose microprocessor (e.g., the main processor 62 and the supplemental processor 16) programmed according to the teachings in the present specification (e.g., Figs. 5-7), as will be appreciated to those skilled in the relevant art(s). Appropriate software coding can readily be prepared by skilled programmers based on the teachings of the present disclosure, as will also be apparent to those skilled in the relevant art(s). However, as will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art, this invention may also

be implemented by the preparation of application-specific integrated circuits or by interconnecting an appropriate network of conventional component circuits.

The present invention thus also includes a computer-based product which may be hosted on a storage medium and include instructions which can be used to program a microprocessor to perform a process in accordance with the present invention. This storage medium can include, but is not limited to, any type of disk including floppy disks, optical disks, CD-ROMs, magneto-optical disks, ROMs, RAMs, EPROMs, EEPROMs, flash memory, magnetic or optical cards, or any type of media suitable for storing electronic instructions.

Although the preferred embodiment of the invention is described in terms of a port concentrator 30 having multiple input/output ports, such as a slot scanner device port 40', a scanner device port 42', a printer device port 44', an auxiliary device port 46', an EFT/frequent shopper device port 48', a network device ports 50' and 51', and a POS terminal device port 58', various other types of ports and interfaces, such as smart card, retinal scan, fingerprint analysis, voice analysis, image analysis, TCP/IP (i.e., internet), etc., ports and interfaces may be added, by including appropriate hardware/software in the port concentrator 30, as will be apparent to those skilled in the relevant arts.

It will be appreciated from the foregoing that the present invention represents a significant advance in the field of point-of-sale computer systems. In particular, the invention provides a system configuration whereby multiple peripheral devices located at multiple cash registers in a store may be easily connected to a central or supplemental processor without the need for running multiple sets of interconnecting wires through the store.

It will also be appreciated that, although an embodiment of the invention has been described in detail for purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, numerous modifications and variations of the present invention are possible in light of the above teachings. It is therefore to be understood that, within the scope of the appended claims, the invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein.

CLAIMS:

1. A point-of-sale computer system, comprising:

(a) at least one point-of-sale checkout station having at least one cash register and at least one peripheral device;

(b) a store communication bus connected to said at least one cash register;

(c) a store controller connected to said store communication bus, for controlling and supplying data to said at least one cash register;

(d) a supplemental processor for performing tasks supplemental to tasks performed by said store controller;

(e) at least one port concentrator associated with a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station, said at least one port concentrator having multiple input/output ports, one input/output port of said multiple input/output ports coupled to said least one peripheral device of said respective point-of-sale checkout station; and

(f) a port concentrator communication network coupled to said supplemental processor and to said at least one port concentrator;

(g) wherein said supplemental processor communicates with said at least one peripheral device of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station through said port concentrator communication network and a respective port concentrator of said at least one port concentrator.

2. The system of claim 1, wherein said at least one port concentrator further includes:

(a) a buffer memory for storing data received from any one of said multiple input/output ports, prior to transmission of said data through another of said multiple input/output ports; and

(b) means for regulating data flow in said at least one port concentrator, to and from said multiple input/output ports.

3. The system of claim 1, wherein:

(a) said port concentrator communication network is a local area network; and

(b) said at least one port concentrator further includes a local area network controller and transceiver for communicating with said port concentrator communication network.

4. The system of claim 1, wherein the at least one peripheral device is one of a scanning device for reading product data, a wedge data input device for reading consumer data from a data-bearing record presented by a consumer, and an auxiliary device for performing auxiliary functions.

5. The system of claim 1, wherein:

(a) said at least one point-of-sale checkout station further comprises at least one coupon printer coupled to a respective port concentrator of said at least one port concentrator; and

(b) said supplemental processor communicates with said at least one coupon printer of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station through said port concentrator communication network and said respective port concentrator of said at least one port concentrator.

6. The system of claim 5, wherein said supplemental processor controls a respective coupon printer of said at least coupon printer at a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station, and determines whether coupons should be printed based on data received from said respective point-of-sale checkout station through a respective port concentrator of said at least one port concentrator.

7. The system of anyone of claim 1 through 6, wherein:

(a) said at least one point-of-sale checkout station comprises a plurality of checkout stations; and

(b) said at least one port concentrator comprises a plurality of port concentrators.

8. A port concentrator for use in point-of-sale computer system including at least one point-of-sale checkout station having a cash register, a coupon printer and at least one peripheral device, the port concentrator comprising:

(a) a first port for coupling to said at least one peripheral device; and

(b) a second port for coupling to a supplemental processor via a port concentrator communication network;

(d) wherein said supplemental processor communicates with said at least one peripheral device at a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station through said port concentrator communication network and a respective port concentrator associated with said respective point-of-sale checkout station.

9. The port concentrator of claim 8, further comprising:

(a) a buffer memory for storing data received from any of said first and second ports, prior to transmission of said data through another of said first and second ports; and

(b) means for regulating data flow in said port concentrator, to and from each of said first and second ports.

10. The port concentrator of claim 8, wherein:

(a) said port concentrator communication network is a local area network; and

(b) said port concentrator also includes a local area network controller and transceiver for communicating with said port concentrator communication network.

11. The port concentrator of claim 8, wherein said at least one peripheral device is one of a scanning device for reading product data, a wedge data input device for reading consumer data from a data-bearing record presented by a consumer, and an auxiliary device for performing auxiliary functions.

12. The port concentrator of claim 8, further comprising:

(a) a third port for coupling to said coupon printer;

(b) wherein said supplemental processor communicates with said coupon printer at a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station through said port concentrator communication network and a respective port concentrator associated with said respective point-of-sale checkout station.

13. The port concentrator of claim 12, wherein said supplemental processor controls said coupon printer at a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station, and determines whether coupons should be printed based on data received from said respective point-of-sale checkout station through said respective port concentrator associated with said respective point-of-sale checkout station.

14. The port concentrator of claim 12, further comprising:

(a) a buffer memory for storing data received from any of said first through third ports, prior to transmission of said data through another of said first through third ports; and

(b) means for regulating data flow in said port concentrator, to and from each of said first through third ports.

15. A process for providing a point-of-sale computer system, comprising:

(a) providing at least one point-of-sale checkout station having at least one cash register and at least one peripheral device;

(b) connecting a store communication bus to said at least one cash register;

(c) controlling and supplying data to said at least one cash register via a store controller connected to said store communication bus;

(d) performing tasks supplemental to tasks performed by said store controller via a supplemental processor;

(e) providing at least one port concentrator associated with a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station, said at least one port concentrator having multiple input/output ports, and coupling one input/output port of said multiple input/output ports to said at least one peripheral device of said respective point-of-sale checkout station;

(f) coupling a port concentrator communication network to said supplemental processor and to said at least one port concentrator; and

(g) providing communication between said supplemental processor and said at least one peripheral device of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station through said port

concentrator communication network and a respective port concentrator of said at least one port concentrator.

16. The process of claim 15, wherein said step (e) further includes:

(a) providing in said at least one port concentrator a buffer memory for storing data received from any one of said multiple input/output ports, prior to transmission of said data through another of said multiple input/output ports; and

(b) providing in said at least one port concentrator means for regulating data flow in said at least one port concentrator, to and from said multiple input/output ports.

17. The process of claim 15, wherein said port concentrator communication network is a local area network, and further comprising including in said at least one port concentrator a local area network controller and transceiver for communicating with said port concentrator communication network.

18. The process of claim 15, wherein said at least one peripheral device is one of a scanning device for reading product data, a wedge data input device for reading consumer data from a data-bearing record presented by a consumer, and an auxiliary device for performing auxiliary functions.

19. The process of claim 15, further comprising:

(a) including in said at least one point-of-sale checkout station at least one coupon printer coupled to a respective port concentrator of said at least one port concentrator; and

(b) providing communication between said supplemental processor and said at least one coupon printer of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station through said port

concentrator communication network and said respective port concentrator of said at least one port concentrator.

20. The process of claim 19, further comprising:

(a) controlling a respective coupon printer of said at least coupon printer at a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station via said supplemental processor; and

(b) determining whether coupons should be printed based on data received from said respective point-of-sale checkout station through a respective port concentrator of said at least one port concentrator via said supplemental processor.

21. The process of claim 15, further comprising:

(a) providing a plurality of checkout stations as said at least one point-of-sale checkout station; and

(b) providing a plurality of port concentrators as said at least one port concentrator.

22. The process of claim 16, further comprising:

(a) providing a plurality of checkout stations as said at least one point-of-sale checkout station; and

(b) providing a plurality of port concentrators as said at least one port concentrator.

23. The process of claim 17, further comprising:

(a) providing a plurality of checkout stations as said at least one point-of-sale checkout station; and

(b) providing a plurality of port concentrators as said at least one port concentrator.

24. The process of claim 18, further comprising:

(a) providing a plurality of checkout stations as said at least one point-of-sale checkout station; and

(b) providing a plurality of port concentrators as said at least one port concentrator.

25. The process of Claim 19, further comprising:

(a) providing a plurality of checkout stations as said at least one point-of-sale checkout station; and

(b) providing a plurality of port concentrators as said at least one port concentrator.

26. The process of claim 20, further comprising:

(a) providing a plurality of checkout stations as said at least one point-of-sale checkout station; and

(b) providing a plurality of port concentrators as said at least one port concentrator.

27. A process for providing a port concentrator for use in point-of-sale computer system including at least one point-of-sale checkout station having a cash register, a coupon printer and at least one peripheral device, comprising the steps of:

(a) providing in said port concentrator a first port for coupling to said at least one peripheral device;

(b) providing in said port concentrator a second port for coupling to a supplemental processor via a port concentrator communication network; and

(d) providing communication between said supplemental processor and said at least one peripheral device at a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station through said port concentrator communication network and a respective port concentrator associated with said respective point-of-sale checkout station.

28. The process of claim 27, further comprising:

(a) providing in said port concentrator a buffer memory for storing data received from any of said first and second ports, prior to transmission of said data through another of said first and second ports; and

(b) providing in said port concentrator means for regulating data flow in said port concentrator, to and from each of said first and second ports.

29. The process of claim 27, wherein said port concentrator communication network is a local area network, and further including providing in said port concentrator a local area network controller and transceiver for communicating with said port concentrator communication network.

30. The process of claim 27, wherein said at least one peripheral device is one of a scanning device for reading product data, a wedge data input device for reading consumer data from a data-bearing record presented by a consumer, and an auxiliary device for performing auxiliary functions.

31. The process of claim 27, further comprising:

(a) providing in said port concentrator a third port for coupling to said coupon printer;

(b) providing communication between said supplemental processor and said coupon printer at a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station through said port concentrator communication network and a respective port concentrator associated with said respective point-of-sale checkout station.

32. The process of claim 31, further comprising:

(a) controlling said coupon printer at a respective point-of-sale checkout station of said at least one point-of-sale checkout station via said supplemental processor; and

(b) determining whether coupons should be printed based on data received from said respective point-of-sale checkout station through said respective port concentrator associated with said respective point-of-sale checkout station via said supplemental processor.

33. The process of claim 31, further comprising:

(a) providing is said port concentrator a buffer memory for storing data received from any of said first through third ports, prior to transmission of said data through another of said first through third ports; and

(b) providing is said port concentrator means for regulating data flow in said port concentrator, to and from each of said first through third ports.

34. A computer readable medium storing computer instructions, for performing the steps recited in any one of claims 15-33.

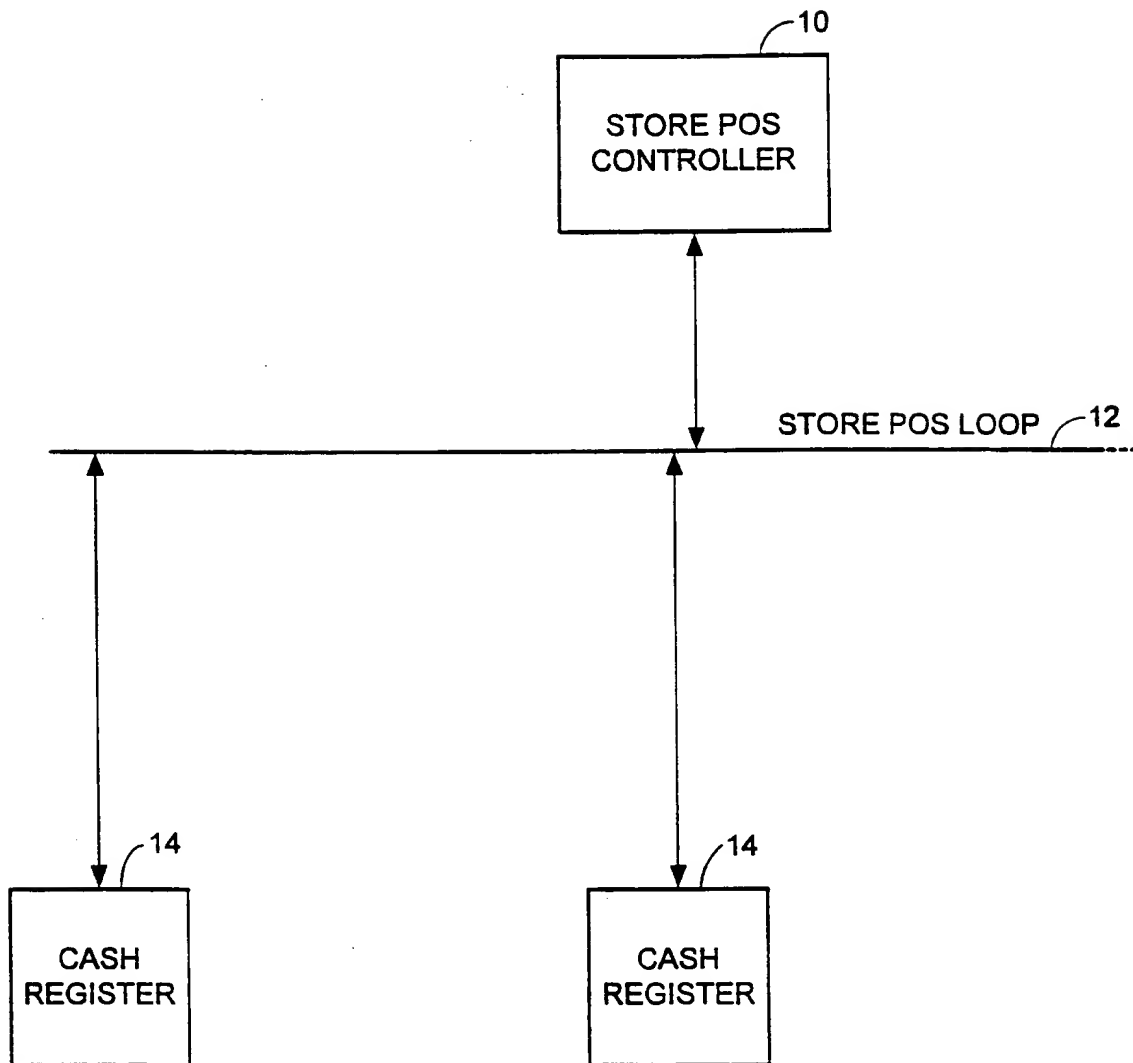


FIG. 1
(BACKGROUND ART)

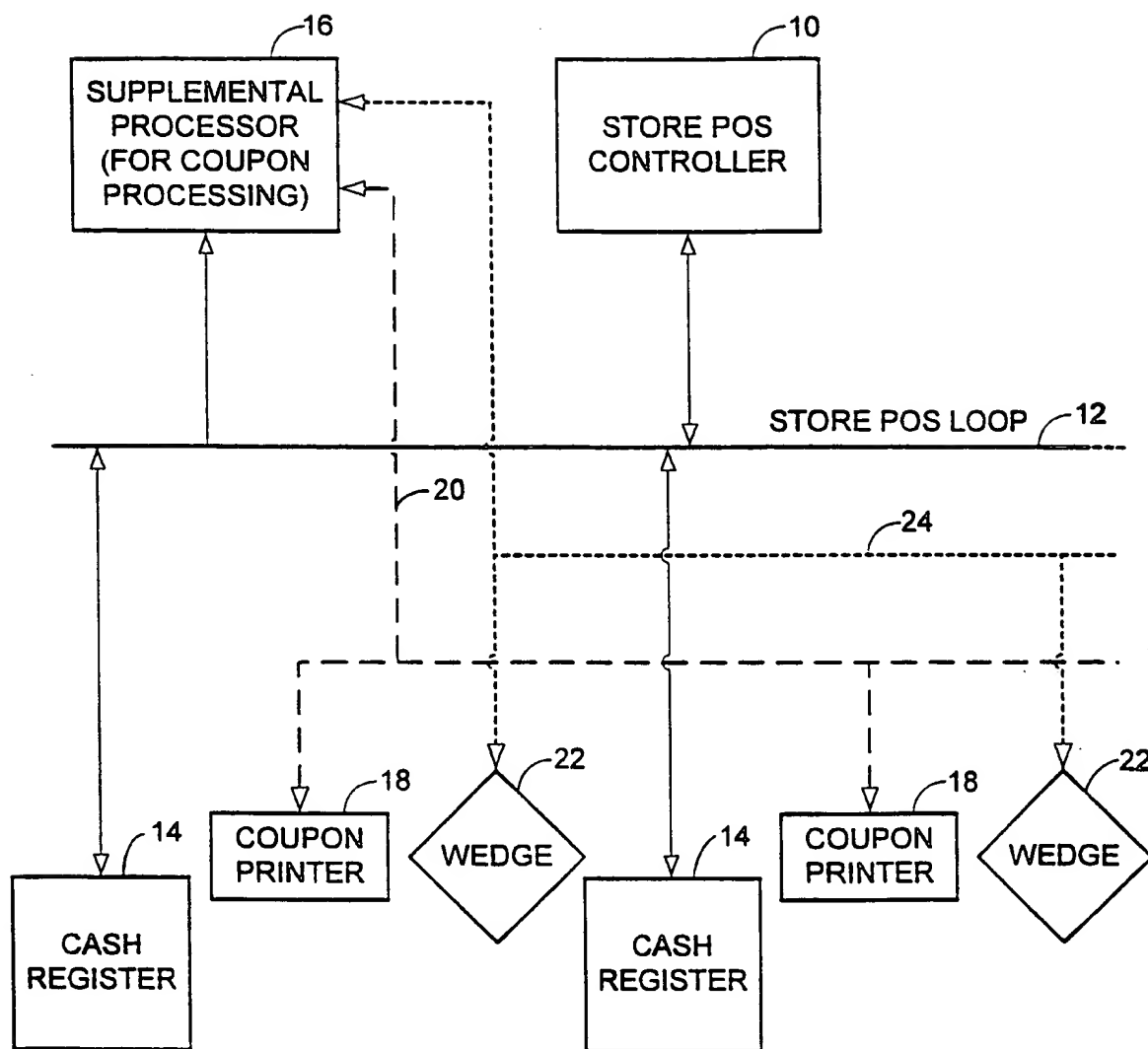


FIG. 2

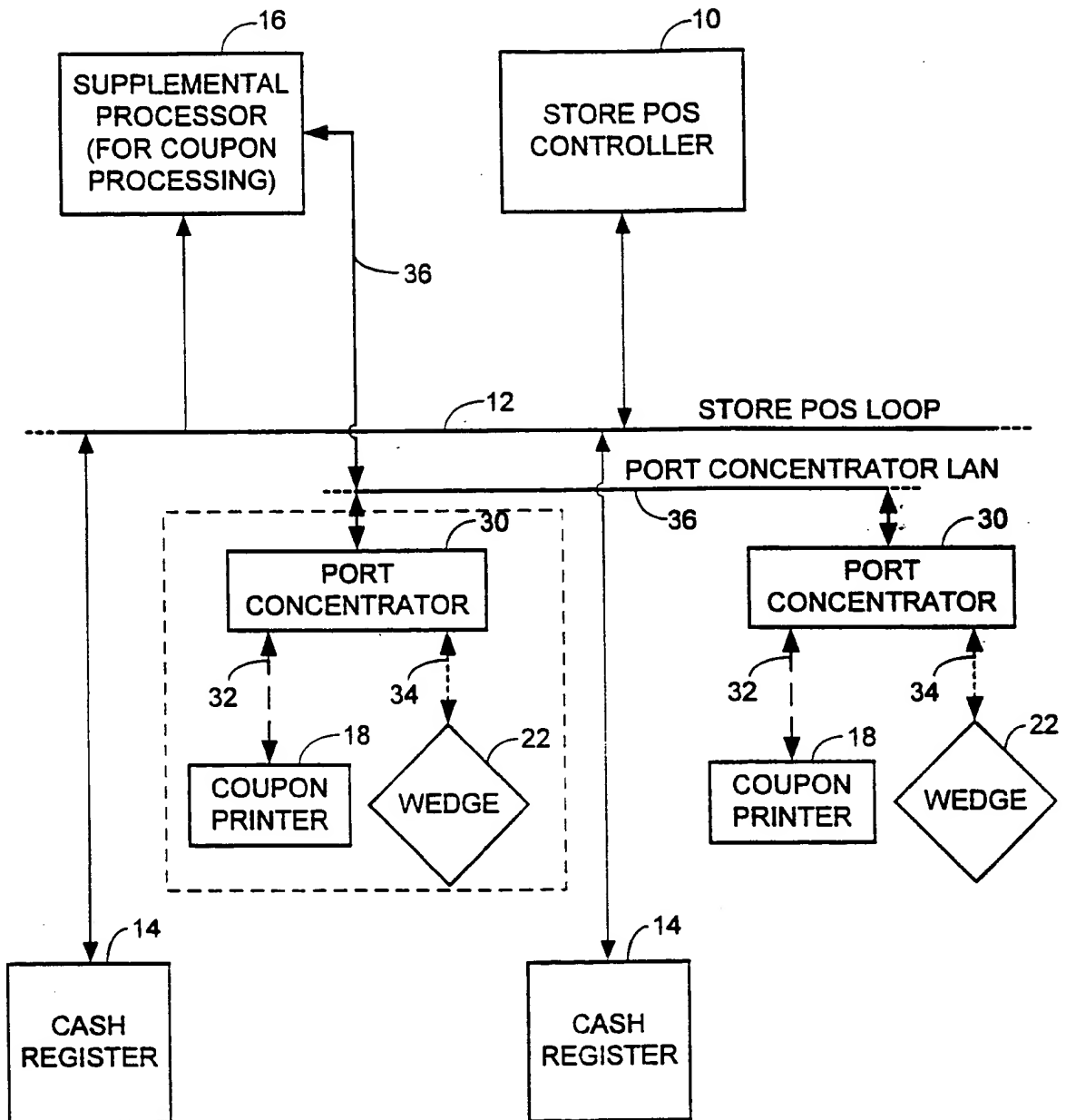


FIG. 3

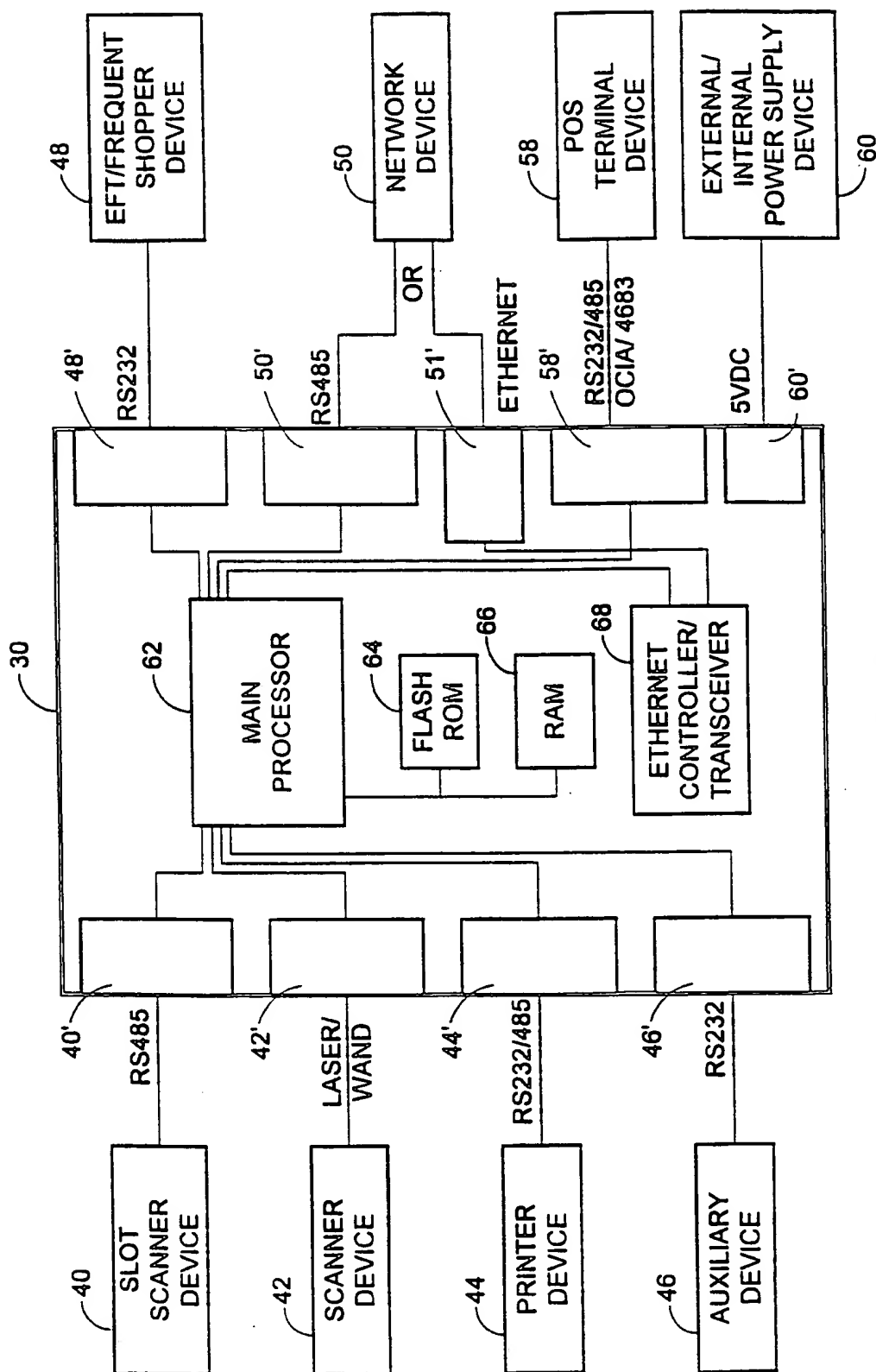


FIG. 4

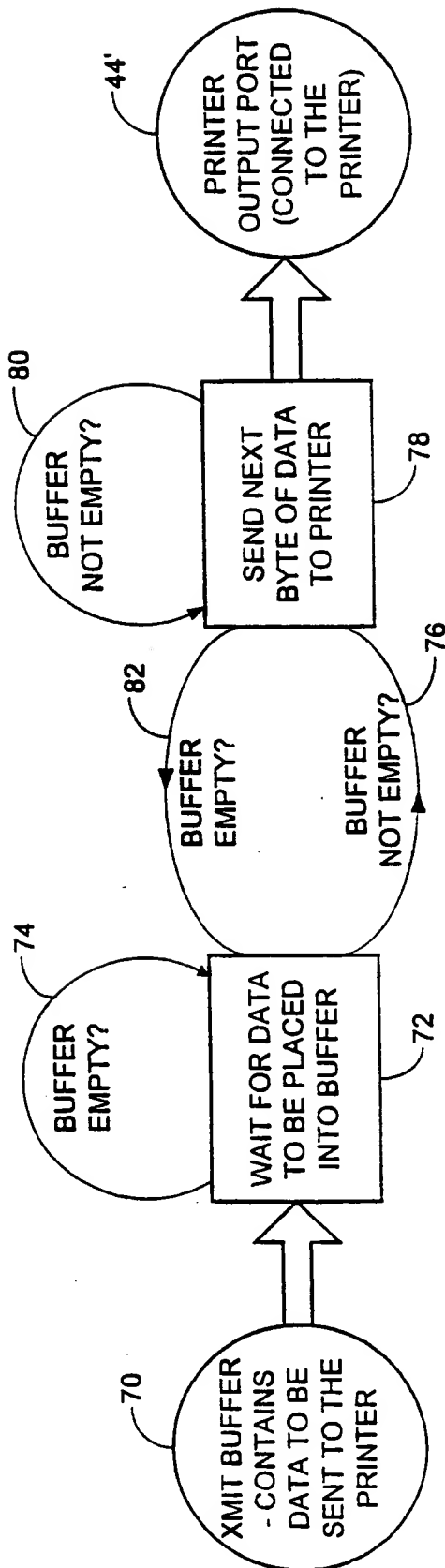


FIG. 5A

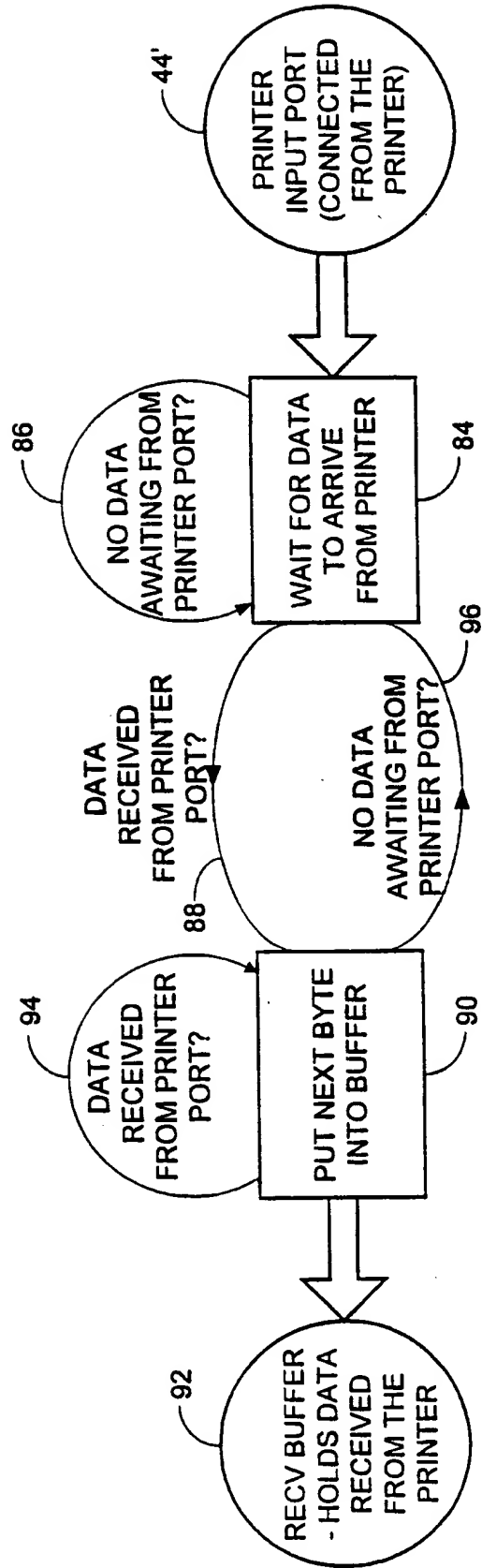


FIG. 5B

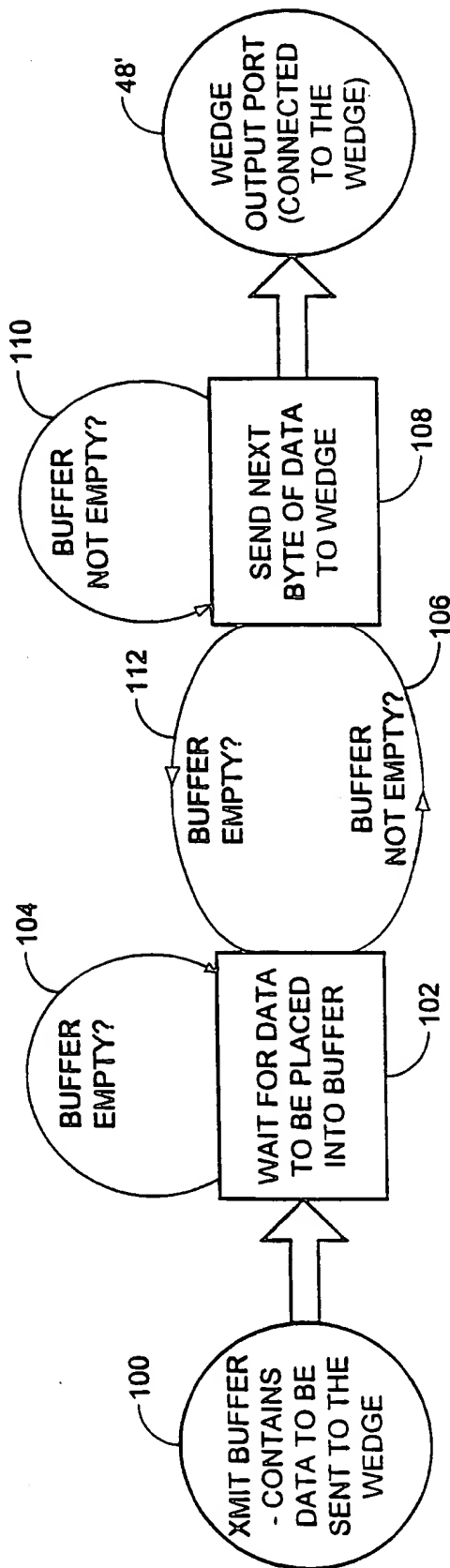


FIG. 6A

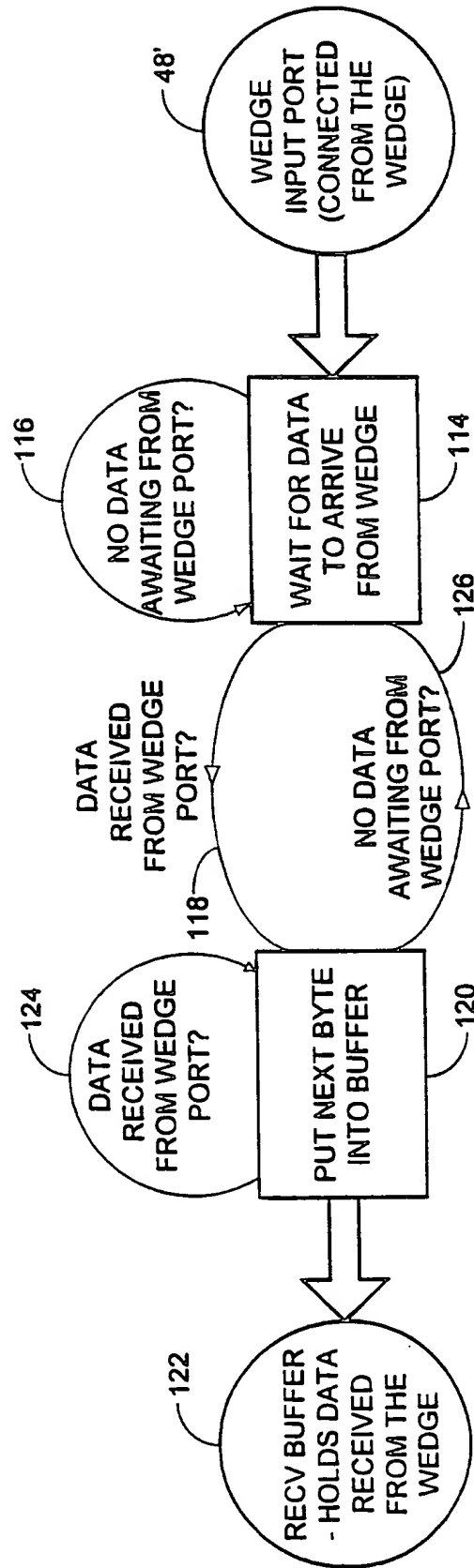


FIG. 6B

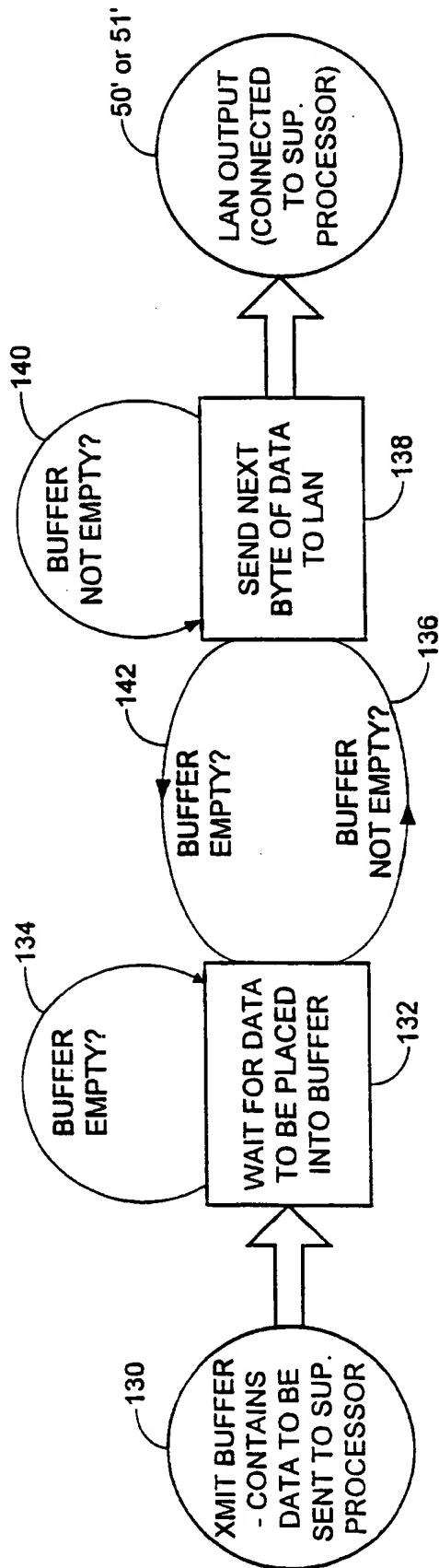


FIG. 7A

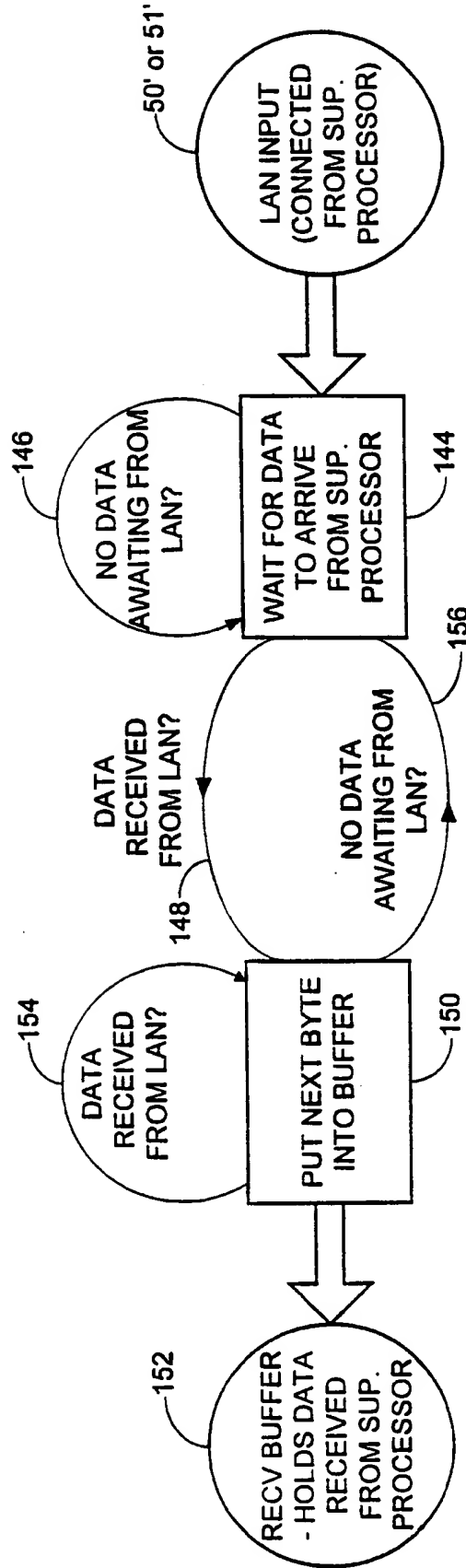


FIG. 7B

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 99/01857

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 G07G1/14

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 G07G G06F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 93 09515 A (COMARK TECHNOLOGIES INC) 13 May 1993 (1993-05-13) abstract page 12, line 9 -page 20, line 14 page 30, line 7 -page 38, line 26 claim 1 figure 1	1,3,4, 15,17,18
A	WO 97 50064 A (WEST JACK T ;ELECTRONIC CONSUMER CONCEPTS I (US)) 31 December 1997 (1997-12-31)	
A	WO 98 37476 A (POWELL KEN R) 27 August 1998 (1998-08-27)	

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

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"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

5 October 1999

Date of mailing of the international search report

12/10/1999

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Bocage, S

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 99/01857

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9309515 A	13-05-1993	US 5256863 A AU 3126393 A	26-10-1993 07-06-1993
WO 9750064 A	31-12-1997	US 5845259 A AU 3411597 A	01-12-1998 14-01-1998
WO 9837476 A	27-08-1998	US 5884278 A AU 6275998 A	16-03-1999 09-09-1998

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